# Victoria Gowramma: The Lost Princess of Coorg

Victoria Gowramma was born in 1831 into the royal family of Coorg, a small kingdom in southern India. Her father, Raja Vira Rajendra, was a just and benevolent ruler, but his reign was cut short by the British East India Company. In 1834, the British invaded Coorg and annexed it to their empire. Raja Vira Rajendra was deposed and sent into exile, and his family was forced to flee.

Victoria Gowramma and her family eventually settled in England, where they lived in relative obscurity. However, Victoria Gowramma never forgot her homeland or her people. She became a writer and campaigner for Indian independence, and she used her voice to speak out against the injustices of British rule.

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#### **Victoria Gowramma: The Lost Princess of Coorg**

by C. P. Belliappa

★★★★★ 4.1 out of 5
Language : English
File size : 3242 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 244 pages



In 1860, Victoria Gowramma published her first book, "The Coorg Memoirs." The book was a moving account of her childhood in Coorg and her family's experiences during the British invasion. It was also a powerful indictment of British imperialism, and it helped to raise awareness of the plight of the Indian people.

Victoria Gowramma continued to write and campaign for Indian independence throughout her life. She became a close friend of Dadabhai Naoroji, the founder of the Indian National Congress, and she worked with him to promote the cause of Indian self-rule. She also wrote articles for Indian newspapers and journals, in which she called for an end to British rule and for the establishment of a free and independent India.

Victoria Gowramma died in 1906, but her legacy continues to live on. She is remembered as one of the most important figures in the Indian independence movement, and her writings continue to inspire people around the world.

#### **Early life**

Victoria Gowramma was born on 26 November 1831, in the town of Madikeri, Coorg, to Raja Vira Rajendra and his wife, Lakshmamma. Her father was a just and benevolent ruler, and he was deeply loved by his people. Victoria Gowramma was a clever and curious child, and she loved to learn. She was educated by private tutors, and she quickly mastered several languages, including English, Kannada, and Sanskrit.

In 1834, the British East India Company invaded Coorg and annexed it to their empire. Raja Vira Rajendra was deposed and sent into exile, and his family was forced to flee. Victoria Gowramma and her family eventually settled in England, where they lived in relative obscurity.

#### Life in England

Victoria Gowramma and her family lived in England for over 50 years. They lived in a modest house in London, and they lived a quiet and simple life. Victoria Gowramma never forgot her homeland or her people, and she continued to work for the cause of Indian independence.

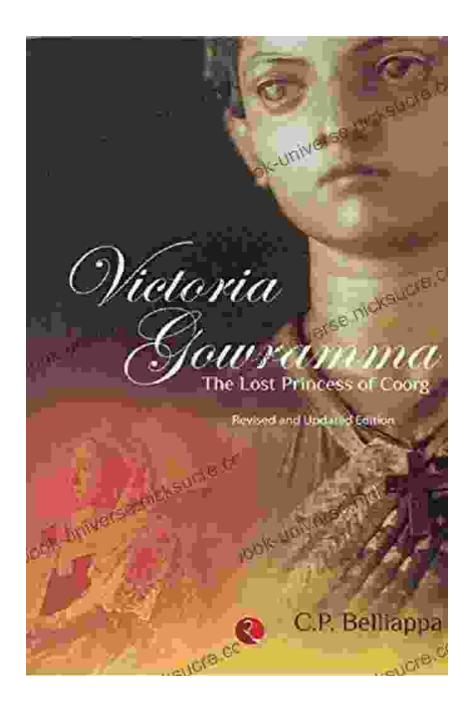
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#### Legacy

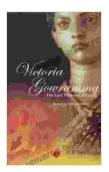
Victoria Gowramma died in 1906, but her legacy continues to live on. She is remembered as one of the most important figures in the Indian independence movement, and her writings continue to inspire people around the world. In 1973, the Indian government issued a postage stamp in her honor, and in 1990, the Karnataka government established the Victoria Gowramma Memorial Trust to promote her legacy.

Victoria Gowramma was a remarkable woman who lived an extraordinary life. She was a princess, a writer, a campaigner, and a patriot. She never forgot her homeland or her people, and she dedicated her life to fighting for their freedom. She is an inspiration to us all.



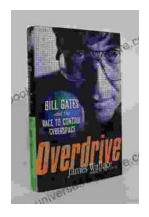
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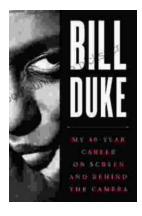
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